## THE MICRO, SMALL AND MEDIUM ENTERPRISES DEVELOPMENT ACT, 2006

An act to provide for facilitating the promotion and development and enhancing the competitiveness of micro, small and medium enterprises and for matters connected therewith or incidental thereto.

WHEREAS a declaration as to expediency of control of certain industries by the Union was made under section 2 of the Industries (Development and Regulation) Act, 1951;

AND WHEREAS it is expedient to provide for facilitating the promotion and development and enhancing the competitiveness of micro, small and medium enterprises and for matters connected therewith or incidental thereto;

BE it enacted by Parliament in the Fifty-seventh Year of the Republic of India as follows:-

1. (1)	CHAPTER 1	Short title and
	PRELIMINARY	commencement.
	This Act may be called the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006.	
d A	t shall come into force on such date as the Central Government may, by notification, appoint; and different lates may be appointed for different provisions of this Act and any reference in any such provision to the commencement of this Act shall be construed as a eference to the coming into force of that provision.	Definitions.
	In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires,-  (a) "Advisory Committee" means the committee constituted by the Central Government under sub-section (2) of section 7;  (b) "appointed day" means the day following immediately after the expiry of the period of fifteen days from the day of acceptance or the day of deemed acceptance of any goods or any services by a buyer from a supplier.  Explanation For the purpose of this clause,-  (i) "the day of acceptance" means-	

	1	-		
			the day of the actual delivery of	
		(a)	) goods or the rendering of services; or	
			where any objection is made in	
			writing by the buyer regarding	
			acceptance of goods or services	
		(b	within fifteen days from the day of	
			the delivery of goods or the	
			rendering of services, the day on which such objection is removed	
			by the supplier;	
		(ii) "th	ne day of deemed acceptance" means,	
		` ′	nere no objection is made in writing by	
			e buyer regarding acceptance of goods	
			services within fifteen days from the	
			y of the delivery of goods or the ndering of services, the day of the	
			tual delivery of goods or the rendering	
			services;	
			neans the National Board for Micro,	
			Medium Enterprises established under	
	(1)	section 3;		
	(d)	_	neans whoever buys any goods or ny services from a supplier for	
		considerat	•	
	(e)	"enterprise	e" means an industrial undertaking or a	
			concern or any other establishment, by	
65 of			name called, engaged in the	
1951			are or production of goods, in any ertaining to any industry specified in	
			chedule to the Industries (Development	
			ation) Act, 1951 or engaged in	
			or rendering of any service or services;	
	(f)		neans every kind of movable property	
	(g)	-	actionable claims and money; enterprise" means an enterprise	
	(g)		as such under sub-clause (iii) of clause	
			clause (iii) of clause (b) of sub-	
			of section 7;	
	(h)		terprise" means an enterprise classified	
			nder sub-clause (i) of clause (a) or sub-	
			of clause (b) of sub-section (1) of	
	(i)	section 7;	Bank" means the National Bank for	
			re and Rural Development established	
		6.	· · · · - · · ·	

61 of 1981			under section 3 of the National Bank for Agriculture and Rural Development Act, 1981;	
		(j)	"notification" means a notification published in the Official Gazette;	
2 of 1934		(k)	"prescribed" means prescribed by rules made under this Act;	
		(1)	"Reserve Bank" means the Reserve Bank of India constituted under section 3 of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934;	
		(m)	"small enterprise" means an enterprise classified as such under sub-clause (ii) of clause (a) or sub- clause (ii) of clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 7;	
1 of 1956		(n)	"supplier" means a micro or small enterprise, which has filed a memorandum with the authority referred to in clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 8, and includes,	
1 of 1956			the National Small Industries Corporation, (i) being a company, registered under the Companies Act, 1956;	
			the Small Industries Development Corporation of a State or a Union territory, by whatever name called, being a company registered under the Companies Act, 1956;	
39 of 1989			any company, cooperative society, society, trust or a body, by whatever name called, registered or constituted under any law for (iii) the time being in force and engaged in selling goods produced by micro or small enterprises and rendering services which are provided by such enterprises;	
		(0)	"Small Industries Bank" means the Small Industries Development Bank of India established under sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Small Industries Development Bank of India Act, 1989;	
		(p)	"State Government", in relation to a Union territory, means the Administrator thereof appointed under article 239 of the Constitution.	
		NAT	CHAPTER II FIONAL BOARD FOR MICRO, SMALL AND MEDIUM ENTERPRISES	
	3. (1	´	effect from such date as the Central Government by notification, appoint, there shall be established,	Establishment of Board.
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Natio	he purposes of this Act, a Board to be known as the onal Board for Micro, Small and Medium	
<del> </del>	rprises. head office of the Board shall be at Delhi	
1 1	Board shall consist of the following members,	
name	·	
(a)	the Minister in charge of the Ministry or Department of the Central Government having	
(b)	the Minister of State or a Deputy Minister, if any, in the Ministry or Department of the Central	
(c)	six Ministers of the State Governments having administrative control of the departments of small	
(d)	three members of Parliament of whom two shall be elected by the House of the People and one by the Council of States;	
(e)	the Administrator of a Union territory to be appointed by the Central Government, ex officio;	
(f)	the Secretary to the Government of India in charge of the Ministry or Department of the	
(g)	four Secretaries to the Government of India, to represent the Ministries of the Central	
(h)	the Chairman of the Board of Directors of the National Bank, ex officio;	
(i)	the chairman and managing director of the Board of Directors of the Small Industries Bank, ex officio;	

	(i)	the chairman and managing director of the Board of Directors of the Small Industries Bank, ex officio;	
	(j)	the chairman, Indian Banks Association, ex officio;	
	(k)	one officer of the Reserve Bank, not below the rank of an Executive Director, to be appointed by the Central Government to represent the Reserve Bank;	
	(1)	twenty persons to represent the associations of micro, small and medium enterprises, including not less than three persons representing associations of women's enterprises and not less than three persons representing associations of micro enterprises, to be appointed by the Central Government;	
	(m)	three persons of eminence, one each from the fields of economics, industry and science and technology, not less than one of whom shall be a woman, to be appointed by the Central Government;	
	(n)	two representatives of Central Trade Union Organisation, to be appointed by the Central Government; and	
	(0)	one officer not below the rank of Joint Secretary to the Government of India in the Ministry or Department of the Central Government having administrative control of the small and medium enterprises to be appointed by the Central Government, who shall be the Member-Secretary of the Board, ex officio	
4.	The t	erm of office of the members of the Board, other	Removal of member from
	filling the di Board the te shall	ex officio members of the Board, the manner of g vacancies, and the procedure to be followed in ischarge of their functions by the members of the d, shall be such as may be prescribed; Provided that erm of office of an ex officio member of the Board, continue so long as he holds the office by virtue of h he is such a member.	Board.
5.	1	ct or proceedings of the Board shall be invalid	Functions of Board.
	(a) a	ny vacancy in, or any defect in the constitution of, the Board; or	
	(b) a	ny defect in the appointment of a person acting as a	
		ny irregularity in the procedure of the Board not ffecting the merits of the case.	
	than of filling the display the teshall which which (a) a mere (b) a	ex officio members of the Board, the manner of g vacancies, and the procedure to be followed in ischarge of their functions by the members of the d, shall be such as may be prescribed; Provided that erm of office of an ex officio member of the Board, continue so long as he holds the office by virtue of h he is such a member.  et or proceedings of the Board shall be invalid by by reason of-  my vacancy in, or any defect in the constitution of, he Board; or  my defect in the appointment of a person acting as a number of the Board; or  my irregularity in the procedure of the Board not	Board.  Functions of Board.

	(c) any irregularity in the procedure of the Board not affecting the merits of the case.	
6	months in a year.	Powers and functions of Member-Secretary of Board
7	The Board may associate with itself, in such manner and for such purposes as it may deem necessary, any person or persons whose assistance or advice it may desire in complying with any of the provisions of this Act and a person so associated shall have the right to take part in the discussions of the Board relevant to the purposes for which he has been associated but shall not have the right to vote.	
	Without prejudice to sub-section (7) the Chairperson of the Board shall, for not less than two of the meetings of the Board in a year, invite such Ministers of the State Governments having administrative control of the departments of small scale industries or, as the case may be, the micro, small and medium enterprises, or the Administrators of Union territories and representatives of such other associations of micro, small and medium enterprises, as he may deem necessary for carrying out the purposes of this Act.  It is hereby declared that the office of member of the	
	Board shall not disqualify its holder for being chosen as, or for being, a member of either House of Parliament.	
4. 1	The Central Government may remove a member of the Board from it, if he  (a) is, or at any time has been, adjudged as insolvent; or  (b) is, or becomes, of unsound mind and stands so declared by a competent court; or  (c) refuses to act or becomes incapable of acting as a member of the Board; or  has been convicted of an offence which, in the opinion of the Central Government, involves moral turpitude; or  has so abused, in the opinion of the Central Government, his position as a member of the Board as to render his continuance in the Board detrimental to the interests of the general public	
	Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1),	

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		unless he has been given a reasonable opportunity of being heard in the matter.	
	5.	The Board shall, subject to the general directions of the Central Government, perform all or any of the following functions, namely:-	
		examine the factors affecting the promotion and development of micro, small and medium enterprises and review the policies and programmes (a) of the Central Government in regard to facilitating the promotion and development and enhancing the competitiveness of such enterprises and the impact thereof on such enterprises;	
		make recommendations on matters referred to in clause (a) or on any other matter referred to it by the Central Government which, in the opinion of (b) that Government, is necessary or expedient for facilitating the promotion and development and enhancing the competitiveness of the micro, small and medium enterprises; and	
		advise the Central Government on the use of the Fund or Funds constituted under section 12.	
	6.	Subject to other provisions of this Act, the Member-Secretary of the Board shall exercise such powers and perform such functions as may be prescribed.	
		CHAPTER III	Classification of enterprises.
		CLASSIFICATION OF ENTERPRISES, ADVISORY COMMITEE AND MEMORANDUM OF MICRO, SMALL AND MEDIUM ENTERPRISES	
65 of 1951	7.	1) Notwithstanding anything contained in section 11B of the Industries (Development and Regulation) Act, 1951, the Central Government may, for the purposes of this Act, by notification and having regard to the provisions of sub-sections (4) and (5), classify any class or classes of enterprises, whether proprietorship, Hindu undivided family, association of persons, co-operative society, partnership firm, company or undertaking, by whatever name called, -	
65 of		(a) in the case of the enterprises engaged in the manufacture or production of goods pertaining to any industry specified in the first schedule to the Industries (Development and Regulation) Act, 1951, as	
1951		1731, 43	

	(i)	a micro enterprise, where the investment in plant and machinery does not exceed twenty five lakh rupees;	
	(ii)	a small enterprise, where the investment in plant and machinery is more than twenty five lakh rupees but does not exceed five crore rupees; or	
	(iii)	a medium enterprise, where the investment in plant and machinery is more than five crore rupees but does not exceed ten crore rupees;	
	II I	ne case of the enterprises engaged in providing endering of services, as	
	(i)	a micro enterprise, where the investment in equipment does not exceed ten lakh rupees; a small enterprise, where the investment in	
	(iii)	equipment is more than ten lakh rupees but does not exceed two crore rupees; or a medium enterprise, where the investment	
		in equipment is more than two crore rupees but does not exceed five crore rupees	
	clarified machine develop	tion 1 For the removal of doubt, it is hereby that in calculating the investment in plant and ry, the cost of pollution control, research and ment, industrial safety devices and such other may be specified, by notification, shall be l.	Advisory Committee
	section 2 Regulati enterpris	tion 2 It is clarified that the provisions of 29B of the Industries (Development and on) Act, 1951, shall be applicable to the es specified in sub-clauses (i) and (ii) of clause b-section (l) of this section.	
2)	constitut followin (a) the	tral Government shall, by notification, e an Advisory Committee consisting of the g members, namely:- Secretary to the Government of India in the more than five officers of the Central	

			antarprisas mambars av officia :	
			enterprises, members, ex officio;	
		(c)	not more than three representatives of the State	
			Governments, members, ex officio; and	
		(1)	one representative each of the associations of	
		(d)	micro, small and medium enterprises, members, ex	
	2)	TD1	officio;	
	[3)		Member- Secretary of the Board shall also be the ex	
	45	+	io Member-Secretary of the Advisory Committee.	<u> </u>
	4)		Central Government shall, prior to classifying any	
		1	or classes of enterprises under sub-section (1),	
		1	n the recommendations of the Advisory mittee.	
	5)	1	Advisory Committee shall examine the matters	
	3)		red to it by the Board in connection with any	
			ect referred to in section 5 and furnish its	
		0	mmendations of the Board.	
	6)	-	Central Government may seek the advice of the	
			sory Committee on any of the matters specified in	
		1	on 9, 10, 11, 12 or 14 of Chapter IV.	
	7)	-	State Government may seek advice of the Advisory	
			mittee on any of the matters specified in the rules	
		made	e under section 30.	
	8)	The .	Advisory Committee shall, after considering the	
		follo	wing matters, communicate its recommendations or	
		1	ce to the Central Government or, as the case may	
		be, S	tate Government or the Board, namely:-	
65 of		(a)	the level of employment in a class or classes of	
1951		(4)	enterprises;	
		(b)	the level of investments in plant and machinery or	
		(0)	equipment, in a class or classes of enterprises;	
			the need of higher investment in plant and	
			machinery or equipment for technological	
		(c)	upgradation, employment generation and enhanced	
			competitiveness of the class or classes of	
			enterprises;	
		(1)	the possibility of promoting and diffusing	
		(d)	entrepreneurship in micro, small or medium	
			enterprises;	
		(e)	the international standards for classification of	
	0)	NT /	small and medium enterprises.	<b>1</b> C :
	9)		withstanding anything contained in section 11B of	Memorandum of micro,
			ndustries (Development and Regulation) Act, 1951	small and medium
		1	clause (h) of section 2 of the Khadi and Village	enterprises
		maus	stries Commission Act, 1956, the Central	<u> </u>

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(a) a micro or small enterprise, may, at his discretion; or a medium enterprise engaged in providing or rendering of services may, at his discretion; or a medium enterprise engaged in the manufacture or production of goods pertaining to any industry specified in the First Schedule to the Industries (Development and Regulation) Act, 1951, shall file the memorandum of micro, small or, as the case may be, of medium enterprise with such authority as may be specified by the State Government under sub-section(4) or the Central Government under sub-section (3):  Provided that any person who, before the commencement of this Act, established—  a small scale industry and obtained a registration certificate, may, at his discretion; and an industry engaged in the manufacture or production of goods pertaining to any industry specified in the First Schedule to the Industries (Development and Regulation) Act, 1951, having investment in plant and machinery or more than one crore rupees but not exceeding ten crore rupees and, in pursuance of the notification of the Government of India in the erstwhile Ministry of Industry (Department of Industrial Development) number S.O.477(E), dated the 25 TH July, 1991 file an Industrial Entrepreneurs' Memorandum, shall within one hundred and eighty days from the commencement of this Act, file the memorandum, in accordance with the provisions of this Act.  2) The form of the memorandum, the procedure of its				of etim crit turn class ente	enterprises under sub-section (1), vary, from time to e, the criterion of investment and also consider eria or standards in respect of employment or nover of the enterprises and include in such ssification the micro or tiny enterprises or the village erprises, as part of small enterprises.	
(b) a medium enterprise engaged in providing or rendering of services may, at his discretion; or a medium enterprise engaged in the manufacture or production of goods pertaining to any industry specified in the First Schedule to the Industries (Development and Regulation) Act, 1951, shall file the memorandum of micro, small or, as the case may be, of medium enterprise with such authority as may be specified by the State Government under sub-section(4) or the Central Government under sub-section (3):  Provided that any person who, before the commencement of this Act, established—  (a) registration certificate, may, at his discretion; and an industry engaged in the manufacture or production of goods pertaining to any industry specified in the First Schedule to the Industries (Development and Regulation) Act, 1951, having investment in plant and machinery or more than one crore rupees but not exceeding ten crore rupees and, in pursuance of the notification of the Government of India in the erstwhile Ministry of Industry (Department of Industrial Development) number S.O.477(E), dated the 25 TH July, 1991 file an Industrial Entrepreneurs' Memorandum, shall within one hundred and eighty days from the commencement of this Act, file the memorandum, in accordance with the provisions of this Act.		8.	1)	_		
2) The form of the memorandum, the procedure of its	65 of 1951			(b)	a medium enterprise engaged in providing or rendering of services may, at his discretion; or a medium enterprise engaged in the manufacture or production of goods pertaining to any industry specified in the First Schedule to the Industries (Development and Regulation) Act, 1951, shall file the memorandum of micro, small or, as the case may be, of medium enterprise with such authority as may be specified by the State Government under sub-section(4) or the Central Government under sub-section (3):  Provided that any person who, before the commencement of this Act, established—  a small scale industry and obtained a registration certificate, may, at his discretion; and  an industry engaged in the manufacture or production of goods pertaining to any industry specified in the First Schedule to the Industries (Development and Regulation) Act, 1951, having investment in plant and machinery or more than one crore rupees but not exceeding ten crore rupees and, in pursuance of the notification of the Government of India in the erstwhile Ministry of Industry (Department of Industrial Development) number S.O.477(E), dated the 25 TH July, 1991 file an Industrial Entrepreneurs' Memorandum, shall within one hundred and eighty days from the commencement of this Act, file the memorandum, in accordance with the	
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			2)		=	

		as may be notified by the Central Government after obtaining the recommendations of the Advisory	
		Committee in this behalf.	
	3	The authority with which the memorandum shall be	
		filed by a medium enterprise shall be such as may be	
		specified, by notification, by the Central Government.	
	4	The State Government shall, by notification, specify the authority with which a micro or small enterprise may	
		file the memorandum.	
	· 5	The authorities specified under sub-sections (3) and (4)	
		shall follow, for the purposes of this section, the	
		procedure notified by the Central Government under sub-section (2).	
		CHAPTER IV	Measures for promotion
		CHAITERIV	and development
		MEASURES FOR PROMOTION,	1
		DEVELOPMENT AND ENHANCEMENT OF	
		COMPETITIVENESS OF MICRO, SMALL AND	
		MEDIUM ENTERPRISES	
Š	9.  1	'   · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
		purposes of facilitating the promotion and development	
		and enhancing the competitiveness of micro, small and	
		medium enterprises, particularly of the micro and small enterprises, by way of development of skill in the	
		employees, management and entrepreneurs,	
		provisioning for technological upgradation, providing	
		marketing assistance or infrastructure facilities and	
		cluster development of such enterprises with a view to	
		strengthening backward and forward linkages, specify,	
		by notification, such programmes, guidelines or	
		instructions, as it may deem fit.	
-	10.	The policies and practices in respect of credit to the	Credit facilities
		micro, small and medium enterprises shall be	
		progressive and such as may be specified in the	
		guidelines or instructions issued by the Reserve Bank,	
		from time to time, to ensure timely and smooth flow of	
		credit to such enterprises, minimise the incidence of	
		sickness among and enhance the competitiveness of	
	11.	such enterprises.  For facilitating promotion and development of micro	Procurement preference
	11.	and small enterprises, the Central Government or the	policy.
		State Government may, by order notify from time to	poncy.
		time, preference policies in respect of procurement of	
		goods and services, produced and provided by micro	
		and small enterprises, by its Ministries or departments,	

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	as the case may be, or its aided institutions and public sector enterprises.	
12	There shall be constituted, by notification, one or more Funds to be called by such name as may be specified in the notification and there shall be credited thereto any grants made by the Central Government under section 13.	Funds.
13.	The Central Government may, after due appropriation made by Parliament by law in this behalf, credit to the Fund or Funds by way of grants for the purposes of this Act, such sums of money as that Government may consider necessary to provide	Grants by Central Government.
14.	The Central Government shall have the power to administer the Fund or Funds in such manner as may be prescribed.  The Fund or Funds shall be utilised exclusively	Administration and utilisation of Fund or Funds.
	2) for the measures specified in sub-section (1) of section 9.	
	The Central Government shall be responsible for the coordination and ensuring timely utilisation and release of sums in accordance with such criteria as may be prescribed	
	CHAPTER V	
	DELAYED PAYMENTS TO MICRO AND SMALL ENTERPRISES	
15.	Where any supplier supplies any goods or renders any services to any buyer, the buyer shall make payment therefore on or before the date agreed upon between him and the supplier in writing or, where there is no agreement in this behalf, before the appointed day: Provided that in no case the period agreed upon between the supplier and the buyer in writing shall exceed forty-five days from the day of acceptance or the day of deemed acceptance.	Liability of buyer to make payment.
16.	Where any buyer fails to make payment of the amount to the supplier, as required under section 15, the buyer shall, notwithstanding anything contained in any agreement between the buyer and the supplier or in any law for the time being in force, be liable to pay compound interest with monthly rests to the supplier on that amount from the appointed day or, as the case may be, from the date immediately following the date agreed upon, at three times of the bank rate notified by the Reserve Bank.	Date from which and rate at which interest is payable.

	17.		For any goods supplied or services rendered by the supplier, the buyer shall be liable to pay the amount with interest thereon as provided under section 16.	Recovery of amount due.
	18.	1)	Notwithstanding anything contained in any other law for the time being in force, any party to a dispute may, with regard to any amount due under section 17, make a reference to the Micro and Small Enterprises Facilitation Council.	
26 of 1996		2)	On receipt of a reference under sub-section (1), the Council shall either itself conduct conciliation in the matter or seek the assistance of any institution or centre providing alternate dispute resolution services by making a reference to such an institution or centre, for conducting conciliation and the provisions of sections 65 to 81 of the Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996 shall apply to such a dispute as if the conciliation was initiated under Part III of that Act.	
		3)	Where the conciliation initiated under sub-section (2) is not successful and stands terminated without any settlement between the parties, the Council shall either itself take up the dispute for arbitration or refer it to any institution or centre providing alternate dispute resolution services for such arbitration and the provisions of the Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996, shall then apply to the dispute as if the arbitration was in pursuance of an arbitration agreement referred to in sub-section (1) of section 7 of that Act.	
26 of 1996		4)	Notwithstanding anything contained in any other law for the time being in force, the Micro and Small Enterprises Facilitation Council or the centre providing alternate dispute resolution services shall have jurisdiction to act as an Arbitrator or Conciliator under this section in a dispute between the supplier located within its jurisdiction and a buyer located anywhere in India.	
		5)	Every reference made under this section shall be decided within a period of ninety days from the date of making such a reference.	
	19.		No application for setting aside any decree, award or other order made either by the Council itself or by any institution or centre providing alternate dispute resolution services to which a reference is made by the Council, shall be entertained by any court unless the appellant (not being a supplier) has deposited with it seventy-five per cent of the amount in terms of the decree, award or, as the case may be, the other order in the manner directed by such court: Provided that	Application for setting aside decree, award or order.

20.	pending disposal of the application to set aside the decree, award or order, the court shall order that such percentage of the amount deposited shall be paid to the supplier, as it considers reasonable under the circumstances of the case subject to such conditions as it deems necessary to impose.  The State Government shall, by notification, establish one or more Micro and Small Enterprises Facilitation  Establishment of Micro and Small Enterprises
	Councils, at such places, exercising such jurisdiction and for such areas, as may be specified in he notification.  Facilitation Council
21. 1)	hall consist of not less than three but not more than five members to be appointed from among the following categories, namely:-  Director of Industries, by whatever name called, or any other officer not below the rank of such Director, in the Department of the State Government having administrative control of the small scale industries or, as the case may be, micro, small and medium enterprises; and one or more office-bearers or representatives of (ii) associations of micro or small industry or enterprises in the State; and one or more representatives of banks and financial institutions lending to micro or small enterprises; or one or more persons having special knowledge in the field of industry, finance, law, trade or commerce
2)	The person appointed under clause (i) of sub-section (1) shall be the chairperson of the Micro and Small Enterprise Facilitation Council.
3)	The composition of the Micro and Small Enterprise Facilitation Council, the manner of filling vacancies of its members and the procedure to be followed in the discharge of their functions by the members shall be such as may be prescribed by the State Government.
22)	Where any buyer is required to get his annual accounts audited under any law for the time being in force, such buyer shall furnish the following additional information in his annual statement of accounts, namely:-  (i) the principal amount and the interest due thereon (to be shown separately) remaining uppoid to any

			the amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms	
			of section 18, along with the amounts of the	
			payment made to the supplier beyond the	
			appointed day during each accounting year;	
			the amount of interest due and payable for the	
			period of delay in making payment (which have	
			(iii) been paid but beyond the appointed day during	
			the year) but without adding the interest specified	
			under this Act;	
			the amount of interest accrued and remaining	
			unpaid at the end of each accounting year; and	
			the amount of further interest remaining due and	
			payable even in the succeeding years, until such	
			date when the interest dues as above are actually	
			paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of	
			disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23.	
43 of	23.		Notwithstanding anything contained in the Income-tax	Interest not to be allowed
1961			Act, 1961, the amount of interest payable or paid by any	
•			buyer, under or in accordance with the provisions of this	
			Act, shall not, for the purposes of computation of	
			income under the Income-tax Act, 1961, be allowed as	
			deduction.	
	24.		The provisions of sections 15 to 23 shall have effect	Over-riding effect.
			notwithstanding anything inconsistent therewith	
			contained in any other law for the time being in force.	
	25.		Notwithstanding anything contained in any law for the	Scheme for closure of
1996			time being in force, the Central Government may, with a	1
			view to facilitating closure of business by a micro, small	and medium enterprises
			or medium enterprise, not being a company registered	
			under the Companies Act, 1956, notify a scheme within	
			one year from the date of commencement of this Act.	
			CHAPTER VI	
			MISCELLANEOUS	
	26.	1)	The Central Government or State Government may	Appointment of officers
			appoint such officers with such designations and such	and other employees.
			other employees as it thinks fit for the purposes of this	
			Act and may entrust to them such of the powers and	
			functions under this Act as it may deem fit.	
		2)	The Officers appointed under sub-section (1) may, for	
			the purposes of this Act, by order require any person to	
			furnish such information, in such form, as may be	
			prescribed.	
	27.	1)	Whoever intentionally contravenes or attempts to	Penalties

			ravene or abets the contravention of any of the	
		-	isions contained in sub-section (1) of section 8 or	
			section (2) of section 26 shall be punishable -	
		W(2)	in the case of the first conviction, with fine which	
			may extend to rupees one thousand; and	
			in the case of any second or subsequent conviction,	
		(b)	with fine which shall not be less than rupees one	
			thousand but may extend to rupees ten thousand	
	2)	Whe	re a buyer contravenes the provisions of section 22,	
	′		nall be punishable with a fine which shall not be less	
			rupees ten thousand.	
28.		_	ourt inferior to that of a Metropolitan Magistrate or	Jurisdiction of courts.
_0.			agistrate of the first class shall try any offence	
			shable under this Act.	
29	1)	-	Central Government may, by notification, make	Power to make rules.
<b>-</b> /.			to carry out the provisions of this Act.	2 0 1101 to make rates.
	2)	-	articular, and without prejudice to the generality of	
	2)		oregoing power, such rules may provide for all or	
		1	of the following matters, namely:-	
		arry	the term of office of the members of the Board, the	
		(0)	manner of filling vacancies, and the procedure to	
		(a)	be followed in the discharge of functions by the	
			members of the Board under sub-section (4) of	
			section 3;	
		(b)	the powers and functions of the Member-Secretary	
			under section 6;	
		(c)	the manner in which the Fund may be	
			administered under sub-section (1) of section 14;	
		(d)	the criteria based on which sums may be released	
			under sub-section (3) of section 14;	
			the information to be furnished and the form in	
		(e)	which it is to be furnished under sub-section (2) of	
			section 26; and	
		(f)	any other matter which is to be or may be	
		(1)	prescribed under this Act.	
	3)		y notification issued under section 9 and every rule	
			e by the Central Government under this section	
		shall	be laid, as soon as may be after it is made, before	
		each	House of Parliament, while it is in session, for a	
		total	period of thirty days which may be comprised in	
		1	session or in two or more successive sessions, and	
			efore the expiry of the session immediately	
			wing the session or the successive sessions	
		1	esaid, both Houses agree in making any	
		mod	ification in the notification or rule or both Houses	

30.1)	agree that the notification or rule should not be made, the notification or rule shall thereafter have effect only in such modified form or be of no effect, as the case may be; so, however, that any such modification or annulment shall be without prejudice to the validity of anything previously done under that notification or rule.  The State Government may, by notification, make rules	Power to make rules by
		State Government.
2)	In particular, and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such rule may provide for all or any of the following matters, namely:-  the composition of the Micro and Small Enterprise Facilitation Council, the manner of filling vacancies of the members and the  (a) procedure to be followed in the discharge of their functions by the members of the Micro and Small	
	Enterprise Facilitation Council under sub-section (3) of section 21;  (b) any other matter which is to be or may be, prescribed under this Act.	
3)	The rule made under this section shall, as soon as may be after it is made, be laid before each House of the State Legislature where there are two Houses, and where there is one House of the State Legislature, before that House.	
	of this Act, the Central Government may, by order published in the Official Gazette, make such provisions not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act as may appear to be necessary for removing the difficulty: Provided that no order shall be made under this section after the expiry of two years from the commencement of this Act.	Power to remove difficulties.
2)	Every order made under this section shall, as soon as may be after it is made, be laid before each House of Parliament.	
32. 1)	Ancillary Industrial Undertakings Act, 1993 is hereby repealed.	Repeal of Act 32 of 1993.
2)	Notwithstanding such repeal, anything done or any action taken under the Act so repealed under sub-section (1) shall be deemed to have been done or taken under the corresponding provisions of this Act.	